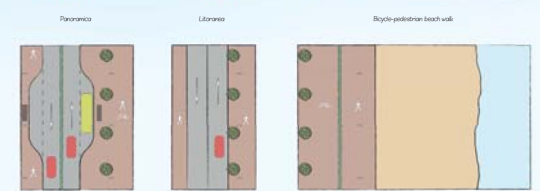


STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Earthquakes</li> <li>Climate changes</li> <li>Fires</li> <li>Coastal erosion</li> <li>Pollution</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Structura di missione "Casa Italia"</li> <li>Masterplan per il Sud</li> <li>PO FESR Sicilia</li> <li>Comuni in Piano</li> <li>Urban instruments</li> </ul>



- Very few connections between Litranea and Panormico
- Bicycle-pedestrian path along the Litranea, not practical for use
- Fast walking Panormico road, that doesn't evaluate its privileged view on the strait
- Local public transportation growth



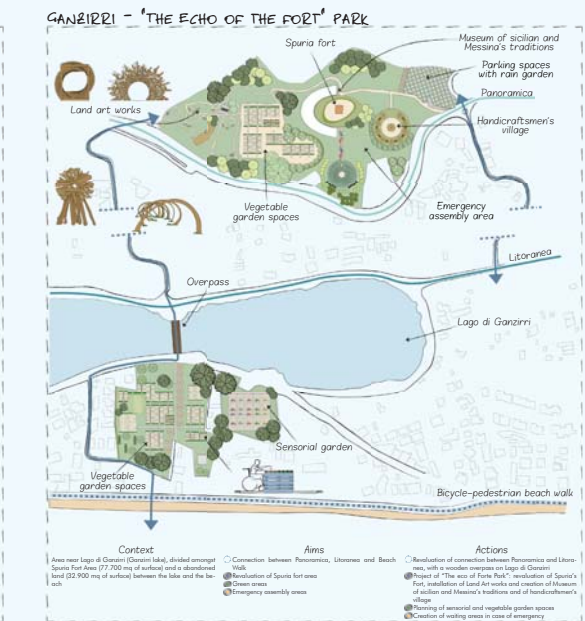
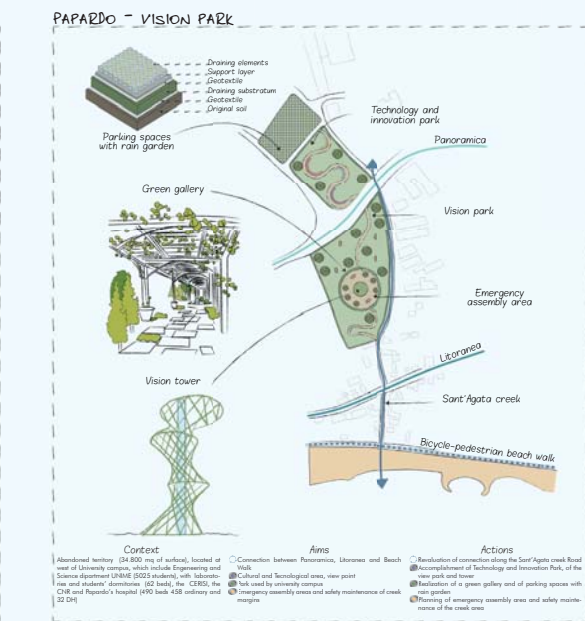
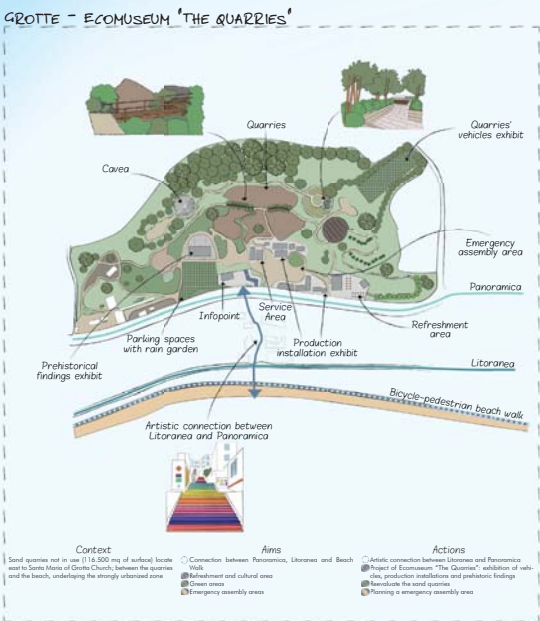
- Regional Museum of Messina (MAME) near Anaximander Node
- Contemporary art Museum Homages Cross (MACHO) near Capo Petru
- Engineering and Science Departments of the University of Messina near Papardo Hospital
- Library Village along Litranea road



- Capo Petru and Ganzirri hills, sites of Community Interest
- Creeks that run through the territory
- Undeveloped green areas
- Beach that risk coastal erosion



- Strategic buildings (Papardo Hospital and University) currently inaccessible
- Public places to be used as emergency assembly and shelter areas in case of calamity
- Streets as potential way of escape
- Risk hydrogeological areas



The MICHELE project assesses the assessment of the Messina Strait office of the city of Messina, a strategic place that faces the Strait. The assessed area has been densely built in the last fifty years, mostly for residential uses, covering a heavy shifting between the Litranea road (Central Road No. 112), along the coast, and the Panormico road (Spartaco Road) by the hills. Infrastructure becomes potential barriers to the beach and to the Strait view.

The seismic and climatological conditioning, has determined the lack of green spaces and the lack of free access to the coastline, breaking the natural and traditional relationship between city and the sea. Even though the history of Messina is revealed by seismic and hydrogeological critical areas, their possible memory seems to be completely forgotten in view of the today urban shape of the area.

The already existing Mable and MACHO are two well realized first round to be enhanced and connected. The idea is to design the "Eco of Messina and Art" (EMAS), which includes, along its main Library village, churches, the Messina historic monument, the "Casa Nuova Panormico", connected into San Massimo, the Palatino museum and at the end of the track the "Piazza della commemorazione" (Piazza di Anaximander) (including the well-known Outlook Tower by Panik Gualandri).

At the bottom of the "Piano" (Piano), it's possible to discover the importance of this peculiar movement highlighted through pictures, the laboratories of traditional techniques on fabric and resistance, the cultural and instructional courses that explain the typical natural phenomena in the Strait of Messina. An advisory will allow to reach the top of the Pila (n. 232) from where it's possible to observe the city according to its new perspective and "current" knowledge.

Due to the lack of public spaces, it's necessary to increase their number and quality, planning parks and urban green areas (the plans dedicated to future 0 Mile cultural), improving the existing gardens, even by works of landscape. It also requires a series of interventions, in order to support social recreational tourism activities and enhancing the new sea-walk involving a real waterfront.

According to the hydrogeological and seismic risk levels, it's necessary to enhance safety mechanisms for creeks, slopes and embankments, use paths and parking spaces on existing and strategic buildings creating an escape route throughout the territory.

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Abandoned territory (24.800 mq of surface), located at west of Litranea center, which include Engineering and Science department (UNIME 2025 building), with laboratories and students' dormitories (82 beds), the CERIS (the CIR and Papardo's hospital) (490 beds 438 students) and a parking area.

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